

# Vista Financial Analysis

Prepared for: Frank and Joanna Miller October 06, 2024

#### Prepared by:

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The Monte Carlo simulation that may be part of this presentation does not utilize historical data for any specific securities. Rather, it uses the historical data for broad asset classes, such as "Small Cap Stocks" and "Long Term Bonds." In order to produce meaningful results, these simulations are processed many times.

By varying the rates of return to simulate the fluctuations that can be experienced in the marketplace, a more accurate reflection of the real-life ups and downs of the investment environment is presented. The results may vary with each use and over time due to the random nature in which the simulations are generated and the regular updating of historical asset class data.

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# Financial Statements Analysis

# Your Current Income

Managing your cash flow often starts with examining your sources of income. There are many reasons you may want to better understand your sources of income. Your financial situation has changed, your income is irregular, you plan to apply for a loan or you just want a better feel for where your money is coming from.

We are going to look at your sources of income in two distinct buckets. First, we are going to look at your Salary and Bonus income. These are commonly referred to as earned income.

Your current Salary and Bonus income for Frank and Joanna comes from the following sources:

- Frank's Earnings
- Joanna's Part-Time Earnings

These flows in combination makeup your gross Salary and Bonus income which is \$350,000 between the two of you.

In addition, you may also have other income streams from non-employment sources. Your current sources of income other than Salary and Bonus are as follows:

Those flows in combination contribute to an annual other income total of **\$0**.

When we combine your salary and bonus income sources with your "Other" income sources, this results in total current year income of **\$350,000** coming in through your door this year.

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Salary & Bonus \$350,000 Total Income \$350,000

\$300,000 / yr \$50,000 / yr

### **Your Current Expenses**

The next step in understanding and evaluating your cash flow situation is to understand your expense outflows. There are several categories of expenses we will look at, but we will start with your basic annual living expenses. You currently expect to have **\$140.000** of basic living expenses per year.

You currently have liability payments of **\$44,280** per year, which **are not** included in the above basic living expenses. Those liability payments are as follows:

Credit CardMortgage on Home

\$648 / yr \$43,632 / yr Basic Living Expenses \$140,000 Liability Payments \$44,280 Insurance Premiums \$17,300 Income Taxes \$87,500 Goal Savings \$48,500

Total Expenses \$337,580

You currently have insurance premium payments of **\$17,300** per year, which **are not** included in the above basic living expenses. Those premium payments are as follows:

•	Frank's Disability Policy from Work		\$4,300 / yr
•	Frank's LTC		\$3,000 / yr
•	Group Policy on Frank		\$1,000 / yr
•	Joanna's LTC		\$3,000 / yr
•	Whole Life Policy on Frank		\$6,000 / yr

A significant expense category to consider is income tax payments. While you should consider consulting your tax advisor before making major financial decisions, we can estimate your current income tax expense with some simple assumptions. Your current income is **\$350,000**. Assuming we apply an effective income tax rate of **25.0%**, this results in a current income tax expense of **\$87,500** per year.

One of the most important ingredients in successfully reaching your future financial goals is saving the appropriate amount towards those goals. Therefore, the final expense category we are looking at are your dedicated savings towards goals. The goals you have identified that you are currently saving for are:

•	College for Lucas	\$0 / yr
۶.	College for Mary Beth	\$0 / yr

The amount you are currently saving towards goals is **\$0** per year. In addition you have other annual savings in total of **\$48,500**.

After accumulating the expense amounts in each expense category, your current total annual expenses are \$337,580.

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### Your Current Cash Flow

Businesses will often times create a Sources and Uses of Cash statement to evaluate their income and expense decisions and to monitor profitability. Similarly, a personal cash flow statement can help you evaluate your personal income and expense flows and see if your are running "in the red" or "in the black".

If your income is greater than your expenses, you will have additional money to put into a dedicated fund for use in achieving your goals. However, if expenses exceed your income, you may need to look at ways to change this result. We have already gathered your income flows and expected expense flows and have listed them in the table below:

Income	Total
Salary and Bonus	\$350,000
Total Income	\$350,000
Expenses	Tota
Living Expenses	(\$140,000)
Liability Payments	(\$44,280)
Insurance Premiums	(\$17,300)
Income Taxes	(\$87,500)
Goal Savings	(\$48,500)
Total Expenses	(\$337,580)
Net Cash Flow	\$12.420

Total Income

\$350.000

Total Expenses

(\$337,580)

Net Cash Flow

\$12.420

#### How does your net cash flow stackup?

We have taken a look at all your current income sources, and we have estimated your total income to be **\$350,000**. We have also accumulated all of your current expense flows, and have estimated your total expenses to be **(\$337,580)**. This results in a **positive** net cash flow of **\$12,420** for the current year. The chart below summarizes this information.



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# **Net Worth Details**

Assets	Frank	Joanna	Joint	Total
Portfolio Assets				
Cash Alternatives				
Cash / Emergency Fund			\$25,000	\$25,000
Taxable Investments				
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments			\$256,617	\$256,617
Qualified Retirement				
Frank's 401(k)	\$441,836			\$441,836
Joanna's 403B		\$143,509	-	\$143,509
Roth IRAs				
Joanna's Roth IRA (converted)		\$103,431		\$103,431
Life Insurance				
Group Policy on Frank				
Term Policy on Joanna				
Whole Life Policy on Frank	\$35,500			\$35,500
Total Portfolio Assets	\$477.336	\$246.940	\$281.617	\$1,005,893
	<i> </i>	<i> </i>	+=0.1,0.11	+ 1,000,000
Dronovity Accesto				
Property Assets				
Homo			¢950.000	\$950,000
Home		\$2E0.000	\$850,000	\$050,000 \$250,000
Porcenel Preperty		\$350,000		\$350,000
			000 032	\$60,000
		 \$35,000	\$00,000	\$00,000 \$35,000
		\$33,000		\$33,000
lotal Property Assets	\$0	\$385,000	\$910,000	\$1,295,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$477.336	\$631,940	\$1,191,617	\$2,300,893
		<b>***</b>	<i> </i>	+_,,
	Frank	laanna	loint	Total
	Frank	Joanna	Joint	Totar
Loans One dit Courd	(0.2, 0, 4.2)			(\$2,042)
Credit Card	(\$3,643)		-	(\$3,643)
Montgages		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(\$ 400.005)
Mortgage on Home			(\$420,385)	(\$420,385)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(\$3,643)	\$0	(\$426,385)	(\$430,028)
	\$472.602	¢624.040	¢765 000	¢1 070 065
IUTAL NET WORTH	\$473,693	<b>\$031,940</b>	\$765,232	\$1,070,005
	TOTAL NET WORT	H: \$1,870,865		
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# **Retirement Analysis**



### The Power of Tax Deferred Growth

Why pay taxes now if you don't have to? Tax deferred vehicles allow you to make investments today and defer paying taxes on investment growth until the funds are withdrawn. Because it could be many years before you need to tap these funds, this allows for many years of potential investment growth. Contributions made on either a pre-tax or tax deductible basis reduce your current taxable income, potentially allowing you to invest more. As any growth is tax-deferred, your balance will increase more quickly than if you had placed your money in a taxable vehicle. This could result in more accumulation for you and your heirs. The following table and chart show the difference in taxable and tax-deferred growth for a person saving \$9,000 per year over 30 years\*:

	10 Years	20 Years	30 Years
Taxable Balance	\$128,434	\$366,708	\$808,758
Tax Deferred Balance	\$144,865	\$472,402	\$1,212,957
Difference	\$16,431	\$105,694	\$404,198
Tax Deferred Balance After Taxes	\$131,149	\$399,301	\$977,218

\*Assumes 8.5% Rate of Return, 25% federal tax rate on the growth of the asset. The taxdeferred values exclude the 10% penalty that would potentially be assessed if the values were withdrawn prior to age 59 ½. Lower tax rates on capital gains and dividends would make the return on the taxable investment more favorable, reducing the difference in performance between the two types of accounts. Historically, higher rates of return have been accompanied by higher volatility. Please consider your personal investment horizon and income tax brackets, both current and anticipated when making an investment decision.



### **Popular Tax Deferred Investment Vehicles**

There are many tax-deferred investment vehicles available to you. The table below lists some of the most popular:

-	
401(k) Accounts	A defined contribution plan offered by a corporation to its employees affording three main advantages. First, contributions come out of your paycheck before taxes, lowering your taxable income. Second, tax deferred growth and third, the potential for an employer match on your contribution. All withdrawals are subject to ordinary income taxes and may be subject to a 10% federal tax penalty if taken prior to 59 1/2.
403(b) Accounts	Also, a defined contribution plan but made available to certain employees of certain non- profit and charitable organizations. Both a 401(k) and 403(b) have a maximum annual contribution in 2024 of \$23,000, and individuals over age 50 can contribute an additional 'catch-up' contribution of \$7,500. All withdrawals are subject to ordinary income taxes and may be subject to a 10% federal tax penalty if taken prior to 59 1/2. Withdrawals from 403(b) accounts are prohibited before the occurrence of certain events such as attaining age 59 1/2, severance from employment, disability or hardship.
Traditional Individual Retirement Account (IRA)	A Traditional IRA is a retirement investing tool for employed individuals and their non- working spouses that allows annual contributions up to a specified maximum amount. Tax deductions may be allowed on the contribution amount depending upon the individual's income and whether or not they participate in an employer-sponsored retirement plan. Any withdrawal of tax-deductible amounts is subject to ordinary income taxes, as well as a 10% federal tax penalty if taken before age 59 1/2.

Roth IRA	Similiar to a Traditional IRA, a Roth IRA allows individuals to contribute up to a specified maximum amount. Unlike a Traditional IRA, a Roth IRA cannot accept contributions if the owner has adjusted gross income over a certain amount. All contributions made to a Roth IRA are done on an after tax basis. However, if plan requirements are met, withdrawals of earnings are tax-free.
Annuities	<ul> <li>basis. However, if plan requirements are met, withdrawals of earnings are tax-free.</li> <li>An annuity is a contract, offered by an insurance company, between an investor and an insurance company, designed to provide payments to the holder at specific intervals, usually after retirement. Annuities are tax-deferred, meaning that the earnings grow tax-deferred until withdrawal. Money distributed from the annuity will be taxed as ordinary income in the year the money is received. Money withdrawn prior to age 59 1/2 may be subject to a 10% federal tax penalty. Annuities provide no additional tax advantages when used to fund a qualified plan.</li> <li>Annuities may have additional charges such as mortality and expense risk charges, annual administrative expenses, surrender charges, and fees associated with the subaccount such as the operating expenses of the investment portfolios.</li> <li>Variable annuities are long-term, tax-deferred investment vehicles designed for retirement purposes and contain both an investment and insurance component. Variable annuity contract holders are subject to investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the variable annuity before investing. Variable annuities are sold only by prospectus, which contains more complete information about the investment company. Please request a prospectus from your financial representative and read it carefully before investing. Guarantees are based on the claims paying ability of the issuer.</li> </ul>
	Withdrawals of taxable amounts made prior to age 59 ½ are subject to 10% federal penalty tax in addition to income tax and surrender charges. Gains from tax-deferred investments are taxable as ordinary income upon withdrawal. The investment returns and principal value of the available sub-account portfolios will fluctuate so that the value of an investor's unit, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original value.

# **Steps Toward Achieving Your Retirement**

### **Step 1 - Determine Your Cost of Retirement**

Achieving your retirement goals will not happen automatically. The first step to consider as retirement approaches is to determine your cost of retirement. Your cost of retirement will be affected by many factors. Three of the most significant are:

- Your monthly retirement living expenses A common rule of thumb is somewhere between 70% and 100% of your annual earned income prior to retirement.
- Your retirement age This is the age at which you plan to stop working full time and start accessing your retirement portfolio assets.
- Your life expectancy This will define how many years your retirement costs will continue to be incurred.

### Step 2 - Apply Your Income Sources

Once your cost of retirement assumptions have been defined, you can start to look at the income sources that will be available to you in retirement to help offset your retirement costs. Income sources may include among other things:

- Social Security
- Pensions
- Immediate annuity payments

### Step 3 - Withdraw from Your Portfolio Assets

Once your available income sources have been applied to your costs of retirement, you can take withdrawals against your portfolio assets to make up the difference. Portfolio assets commonly include:

- Brokerage accounts
- Money Market accounts
- 401(k)s, 403(b)s, and other employer-sponsored retirement accounts
- IRAs
- Annuities

### Step 4 - If Necessary, Consider Changes

If you determine that you are not on track to achieve your retirement objectives, you will need to consider making some changes. These changes may include:

- Saving more before you retire
- Redefining your retirement age
- Considering part time employment during retirement
- Spending less during retirement
- Combination of above





### The Cost of Your Retirement

Thinking about retirement is often difficult. It is hard to be concerned about what will happen 20 to 30 years in the future, while you are stretching your resources to meet your needs today. It is, however, critical to think about how you will support yourself (and your spouse) during retirement. With people living longer, you may wind up spending as much as a third of your life in retirement. The first step is often looking at what your cost of retirement may be.

So, what level of expenses can you expect in retirement? Let's assume that you retire at age 65 (2036), have retirement living expenses of \$10,000 per month (or \$120,000 each year) and that those expenses grow at 3.00% each year from now until Joanna is age 100 (2072). Over the 37 years of your retirement, your living expenses would total \$11,321,832.

#### How high will your expenses grow?

The chart below illustrates the mounting costs of your retirement, showing that you can expect an annual living expense of \$120,000 today to grow to \$171,091 in your first year of retirement (2036) and to \$495,870 in your last year (2072).



The Growing Cost of Living

#### Keep in Mind...

It does not necessarily cost less to live during retirement. While for some it may be true that they will need less money in retirement, it is not always the case. Health care costs, entertainment and travel expenses are examples of living expenses that can be expected to go up, not down, during your retirement years.

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Retirement lasts from 2036 - 2072 (37 years)

**Total Living Expenses** \$11,321,832

Total Cost of Retirement \$11,321,832

### Your Retirement Income

Although you may no longer be employed full-time during your retirement years, that doesn't mean your income will disappear entirely. Income sources like pension plans, annuities, social security or part-time employment can help offset your retirement living expenses.

During retirement, your income will come from the following sources:

- Frank's Social Security \$40,500/yr
- Joanna's Social Security \$19,092/yr

•

- Joanna's Hospital Pension \$12,000/yr
- Joanna's Part-Time Earnings **\$50,000**/yr

For this analysis, your retirement income will be indexed at an annual rate of 3.00% and be subject to an income tax rate of 25.0%.

### Will your income be enough?

The chart below compares your total retirement expenses to the total net income you expect to receive during the **37** years of your retirement. Based on the income assumptions above, your retirement income alone will not be enough to fully offset your retirement expenses.

2036-2072

2037-2072

2037 - 2072

2036 - 2037



#### Keep in Mind...

According to a January 2014 update of AARP's report "Staying Ahead of the Curve 2013: The AARP Work and Career Study", 70% of experienced workers (ages 45-75) intend to keep working during their retirement years.

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Total Cost of Retirement \$11,321,832

Total Net Retirement Income \$4,693,829

Funding Gap **\$6,628,003** 

Percent Funded by Income 41%

# **Building a Nest Egg**

Often, the primary resource you have for offsetting the cost of retirement is the value of your accumulated capital resources. These resources are assumed to grow over time through regular savings and growth, resulting in a "nest egg" that may partially or completely offset your cost of retirement. With a total retirement cost of \$11,321,832, you would need to amass total capital resources of \$6,097,472 by the time you retire in 2036 (assuming a rate of return on assets of 5.00% prior to retirement and 5.00% during retirement and 25.0% tax on any withdrawals).

To get an idea of the size of the nest egg that you would need to accumulate before you retire, we'll take a look at your existing resources and your planned savings.

You currently have **\$688,776** in qualified savings and **\$281,617** in non-qualified savings. These savings are assumed to grow at an annual rate of **5.00%** before retirement and at an annual rate of **5.00%** after retirement. When withdrawals are made, those withdrawals will be taxed at a rate of **25.0%**.

From now until retirement you plan to save **\$2,551** each month in qualified funds and **\$1,500** in non-qualified funds. In addition, your employer(s) make monthly contributions to your qualified assets in the amount of **\$854**. These contributions will increase each year by **3.00%**.

#### Will your nest egg be enough?

The chart below illustrates the difference between the nest egg you'd need at retirement in order to fully offset your expenses and the nest egg you are likely to accumulate. You can see that your assets alone are not likely to be sufficient to fund your entire retirement.



Comparing Nest Eggs

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Total Cost of Retirement \$11,321,832

Nest Egg Needed at Retirement \$6,097,472

Nest Egg Available \$2,886,339

Percent of Needed Nest Egg 47%

### The Big Picture

There are two main resources at your disposal with which you can offset the costs of retirement: income and your capital resources. You accumulate capital throughout your pre-retirement years through savings and growth. Additionally, various outside sources may provide you with a steady income during retirement. By comparing the combination of these resources with your expected retirement expenses, you can get a picture of how successful you will be in financing your retirement.

With a Total Retirement Cost of **\$11,321,832** and Total Net Retirement Income Sources of **\$4,693,829**, you will have a Remaining Need of **\$6,628,003**. Your projected nest egg of **\$2,886,339** will allow for Total Capital Withdrawals of **\$4,339,703** (after taxes). Together, your income and assets will cover **79%** of your total retirement costs, leaving a shortfall of **\$2,288,300**.



#### Will you make it?

The chart below illustrates how your income sources and capital resources would be used to fund the annual expenses of your retirement. Years in which a shortfall exists (i.e. when you don't have enough funds to cover your living expenses), show a deficit value in red. Based on the assumptions made in this analysis, your current savings and expected income will not be enough to support you through your retirement.



#### Your Retirement Living Expenses

# **Options for Meeting Your Retirement Needs**

Based upon the assumptions utilized in this analysis, your current retirement goals are not projected to be achieved. What's important is that you are taking a look at your retirement now, before it's too late. There are several options which may - by themselves or in combination with each other - allow you to achieve your retirement goals, they include:

### Save More Before You Retire

Take a look at your current expenses. Are there any which can be reduced or eliminated? By reducing your expenses now, you can save more of your income, which will in turn allow your savings to grow at a faster pace.

To cover your funding shortfall solely by saving more before you retire (through personal or employer contributions), you would need to save an additional **\$2,682** - for a total of **\$7,587 per month** - and increase that monthly amount by **3.00%** each year until you retire. This solution assumes that your accumulated funds will grow at a rate of **5.00%** each year prior to retirement and **5.00%** after retirement.

### **Spend Less During Retirement**

If you can't increase your nest egg sufficiently to completely fund your shortfall, you should consider reducing your monthly retirement living expenses. When combined with other funding options, you may be able to live more efficiently without significantly impacting your retirement lifestyle.

To make up your funding shortfall solely by reducing your expenses, you would need to reduce your monthly living expenses by **\$1,026**, to **\$8,974** per month. This solution assumes that your expenses will grow at a rate of **3.00%** each year.

#### **Retire Later**

One additional option is to examine delaying your retirement. By delaying the year in which you retire, you increase the size of your nest egg and reduce your overall cost of retirement at the same time.

You may be able to cover your funding shortfall by delaying your retirement by **4** years, until age **69**. This assumes you continue your savings, at the previously defined levels, up to this new retirement age.

Increase Monthly Savings by \$2,682 (to \$7,587 per month)

Total Cost of Retirement \$11,321,832

Total Retirement Funding \$11,322,710

Percent Funded 100%

Reduce Monthly Expenses by \$1,026 (to \$8,974 per month)

Total Cost of Retirement \$10,160,214

Total Retirement Funding \$10,162,697

Percent Funded 100%

Delay Retirement 4 years (until age 69)

Total Cost of Retirement \$10,606,050

Total Retirement Funding \$11,699,453

Percent Funded 110%

### **Retirement Income Details**

						Income	
		Frank's	Joanna's	Income	Total	Taxes	
Year	Age	SS Income	SS Income	from Flows	Income	@25.0%	Net Income
2036	65/64	\$57,743	\$0	\$71,288	\$129,031	\$32,258	\$96,773
2037	66/65	59,476	28,037	12,000	99,513	24,878	74,635
2038	67/66	61,260	28,878	12,360	102,498	25,625	76,873
2039	68/67	63,098	29,745	12,731	105,574	26,394	79,180
2040	69/68	64,991	30,637	13,113	108,741	27,185	81,556
2041	70/69	66,940	31,556	13,506	112,002	28,001	84,001
2042	71/70	68,949	32,503	13,911	115,363	28,841	86,522
2043	72/71	71,017	33,478	14,329	118,824	29,706	89,118
2044	73/72	73,148	34,482	14,758	122,388	30,597	91,791
2045	74/73	75,342	35,517	15,201	126,060	31,515	94,545
2046	75/74	77,602	36,582	15,657	129,841	32,460	97,381
2047	76/75	79,930	37,680	16,127	133,737	33,434	100,303
2048	77/76	82,328	38,810	16,611	137,749	34,437	103,312
2049	78/77	84,798	39,974	17,109	141,881	35,470	106,411
2050	79/78	87,342	41,174	17,622	146,138	36,535	109,603
2051	80/79	89,962	42,409	18,151	150,522	37,631	112,891
2052	81/80	92,661	43,681	18,696	155,038	38,760	116,278
2053	82/81	95,441	44,992	19,256	159,689	39,922	119,767
2054	83/82	98,304	46,341	19,834	164,479	41,120	123,359
2055	84/83	101,253	47,732	20,429	169,414	42,354	127,060
2056	85/84	104,291	49,163	21,042	174,496	43,624	130,872
2057	86/85	107,420	50,638	21,673	179,731	44,933	134,798
2058	87/86	110,642	52,158	22,324	185,124	46,281	138,843
2059	88/87	113,961	53,722	22,993	190,676	47,669	143,007
2060	89/88	117,380	55,334	23,683	196,397	49,099	147,298
2061	90/89	120,902	56,994	24,394	202,290	50,573	151,717
2062	91/90	124,529	58,704	25,125	208,358	52,090	156,268
2063	92/91	128,265	60,465	25,879	214,609	53,652	160,957
2064	93/92	132,113	62,279	26,655	221,047	55,262	165,785
2065	94/93	136,076	64,147	27,455	227,678	56,920	170,758
2066	95/94	140,158	66,072	28,279	234,509	58,627	175,882
2067	96/95	144,363	68,054	29,127	241,544	60,386	181,158
2068	97/96	148,694	70,095	30,001	248,790	62,198	186,592
2069	98/97	153,155	72,198	30,901	256,254	64,064	192,190
2070	99/98	157,749	74,364	31,828	263,941	65,985	197,956
2071	100/99	162,482	76,595	32,783	271,860	67,965	203,895
2072	101/100	0	78,893	33,766	112,659	28,165	84,494
					6.258.445	1.564.616	4.693.829

### **Pre-Retirement Savings and Growth**

Total Annual Savings:	\$58,860/yr	Total Capital Resources Today:	\$970,393
Employer Contributions:	\$10,248/yr	Qualified Capital Resources Today:	\$688,776
Qualified Savings:	\$30,612/yr	Non-Qualified Capital Resources Today:	\$281,617
Non-Qualified Savings:	\$18,000/yr		

	_	BOY Capital		Capital Resources	Growth	EOY Capital
Year	Age	Resources	Savings	after Savings	at 5.00%	Resources
2024	53/52	\$970,393	\$58,860	\$1,029,253	\$51,463	\$1,080,716
2025	54/53	1,080,716	60,626	1,141,342	57,067	1,198,409
2026	55/54	1,198,409	62,445	1,260,854	63,043	1,323,897
2027	56/55	1,323,897	64,318	1,388,215	69,411	1,457,626
2028	57/56	1,457,626	66,247	1,523,873	76,194	1,600,067
2029	58/57	1,600,067	68,235	1,668,302	83,415	1,751,717
2030	59/58	1,751,717	70,282	1,821,999	91,100	1,913,099
2031	60/59	1,913,099	72,390	1,985,489	99,274	2,084,763
2032	61/60	2,084,763	74,562	2,159,325	107,966	2,267,291
2033	62/61	2,267,291	76,799	2,344,090	117,205	2,461,295
2034	63/62	2,461,295	79,103	2,540,398	127,020	2,667,418
2035	64/63	2,667,418	81,476	2,748,894	137,445	2,886,339

### **Capital Resources Details**

Total Resources at Retirement:	\$2,886,339
Pre-Retirement Growth and Savings:	\$1,915,946
Capital Resources Today:	\$970,393

			Net					
			Withdrawals	Taxation on	Total	Total		
		BOY Capital	to fund	Withdrawals	Withdrawal	Capital after	Growth	EOY Capital
Year	Age	Resources	Expenses	at 25.0%	of Capital	Withdrawal	at 5.00%	Resources
2036	65/64	\$2,886,339	\$74,318	\$24,773	\$99,091	\$2,787,248	\$139,362	\$2,926,610
2037	66/65	2,926,610	101,589	33,863	135,452	2,791,158	139,558	2,930,716
2038	67/66	2,930,716	104,638	34,879	139,517	2,791,199	139,560	2,930,759
2039	68/67	2,930,759	107,776	35,925	143,701	2,787,058	139,353	2,926,411
2040	69/68	2,926,411	111,009	37,003	148,012	2,778,399	138,920	2,917,319
2041	70/69	2,917,319	114,341	38,114	152,455	2,764,864	138,243	2,903,107
2042	71/70	2,903,107	117,770	39,257	157,027	2,746,080	137,304	2,883,384
2043	72/71	2,883,384	121,303	40,434	161,737	2,721,647	136,082	2,857,729
2044	73/72	2,857,729	124,942	41,647	166,589	2,691,140	134,557	2,825,697
2045	74/73	2,825,697	128,690	42,897	171,587	2,654,110	132,706	2,786,816
2046	75/74	2,786,816	132,551	44,184	176,735	2,610,081	130,504	2,740,585
2047	76/75	2,740,585	136,527	45,509	182,036	2,558,549	127,927	2,686,476
2048	77/76	2,686,476	140,623	46,874	187,497	2,498,979	124,949	2,623,928
2049	78/77	2,623,928	144,842	48,281	193,123	2,430,805	121,540	2,552,345
2050	79/78	2,552,345	149,188	49,729	198,917	2,353,428	117,671	2,471,099
2051	80/79	2,471,099	153,664	51,221	204,885	2,266,214	113,311	2,379,525
2052	81/80	2,379,525	158,273	52,758	211,031	2,168,494	108,425	2,276,919
2053	82/81	2,276,919	163,021	54,340	217,361	2,059,558	102,978	2,162,536
2054	83/82	2,162,536	167,912	55,971	223,883	1,938,653	96,933	2,035,586
2055	84/83	2,035,586	172,950	57,650	230,600	1,804,986	90,249	1,895,235
2056	85/84	1,895,235	178,138	59,379	237,517	1,657,718	82,886	1,740,604
2057	86/85	1,740,604	183,482	61,161	244,643	1,495,961	74,798	1,570,759
2058	87/86	1,570,759	188,986	62,995	251,981	1,318,778	65,939	1,384,717
2059	88/87	1,384,717	194,656	64,885	259,541	1,125,176	56,259	1,181,435
2060	89/88	1,181,435	200,495	66,832	267,327	914,108	45,705	959,813
2061	90/89	959,813	206,510	68,837	275,347	684,466	34,223	718,689
2062	91/90	718,689	212,706	70,902	283,608	435,081	21,754	456,835
2063	92/91	456,835	219,086	73,029	292,115	164,720	8,236	172,956
2064	93/92	172,956	129,717	43,239	172,956	0	0	0
2065	94/93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2066	95/94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2067	96/95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2068	97/96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2069	98/97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2070	99/98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2071	100/99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2072	101/100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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### Needs vs. Resources Details

			Income	Capital	
		Living	Applied	Withdrawal	Remaining
		Expenses	Toward	to Meet	Need
Year	Age		Needs	Needs	(Deficit)
2036	65/64	\$171,091	\$96,773	\$74,318	\$0
2037	66/65	176,224	74,635	101,589	0
2038	67/66	181,511	76,873	104,638	0
2039	68/67	186,956	79,180	107,776	0
2040	69/68	192,565	81,556	111,009	0
2041	70/69	198,342	84,001	114,341	0
2042	71/70	204,292	86,522	117,770	0
2043	72/71	210,421	89,118	121,303	0
2044	73/72	216,733	91,791	124,942	0
2045	74/73	223,235	94,545	128,690	0
2046	75/74	229,932	97,381	132,551	0
2047	76/75	236,830	100,303	136,527	0
2048	77/76	243,935	103,312	140,623	0
2049	78/77	251,253	106,411	144,842	0
2050	79/78	258,791	109,603	149,188	0
2051	80/79	266,555	112,891	153,664	0
2052	81/80	274,551	116,278	158,273	0
2053	82/81	282,788	119,767	163,021	0
2054	83/82	291,271	123,359	167,912	0
2055	84/83	300,010	127,060	172,950	0
2056	85/84	309,010	130,872	178,138	0
2057	86/85	318,280	134,798	183,482	0
2058	87/86	327,829	138,843	188,986	0
2059	88/87	337,663	143,007	194,656	0
2060	89/88	347,793	147,298	200,495	0
2061	90/89	358,227	151,717	206,510	0
2062	91/90	368,974	156,268	212,706	0
2063	92/91	380,043	160,957	219,086	0
2064	93/92	391,445	165,785	129,717	95,943
2065	94/93	403,188	170,758	0	232,430
2066	95/94	415,284	175,882	0	239,402
2067	96/95	427,742	181,158	0	246,584
2068	97/96	440,574	186,592	0	253,982
2069	98/97	453,792	192,190	0	261,602
2070	99/98	467,405	197,956	0	269,449
2071	100/99	481,427	203,895	0	277,532
2072	101/100	495,870	84,494	0	411,376
		11,321,832	4,693,829	4,339,703	2,288,300

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# Life Insurance Analysis

# Q & A on Life Insurance

### How do I determine how much insurance I need?

The amount of coverage you need depends upon your individual circumstances. Things to consider include anticipated final expenses, ongoing living expenses for your spouse and children, any outstanding debts (like mortgages), anticipated education costs for children, and any expenses required for business continuity. Remember that needs will

anticipated education costs for children, and any expenses required for business continuity. Remember that needs will change over time and inflation can greatly impact future costs.



### How are life insurance cash values and death benefits taxed?

Under current tax law:

- Cash value growth in a life insurance policy is typically tax deferred.
- If policy is surrendered for cash value, the difference between the cash value and your basis in the policy is subject to income tax.
- Policy loans are typically not treated as a taxable distribution.
- Generally, death benefit proceeds are not subject to income tax.

Note: Policy loans and withdrawals reduce the policy's cash value and death benefit. While withdrawals up to the basis paid into the contract and loans thereafter will generally not create an immediate taxable event, substantial tax ramifications could result upon contract lapse or surrender. If the policy is a modified endowment contract (MEC), all withdrawals and loans are treated as coming first from the policy gain, are subject to ordinary income tax, and may incur an additional 10% penalty tax if the owner is under 59 1/2.

### What are some features to consider when purchasing an insurance policy?

- Accelerated benefits rider A life insurance rider that allows for the early payment of some portion of the policy face amount if the insured suffers from a terminal illness or injury.
- Accidental death benefit rider A life insurance rider providing for an additional benefit when death occurs by accidental means.
- **Convertible Term Insurance** Term insurance which can be exchanged (converted), at the option of the policy owner and without evidence of insurability, for a permanent policy.
- Waiver of premium A rider exempting the insured from paying premiums after they have been disabled for a specified period of time.

Note: The above features may be available for an additional charge.

### What is Cash Surrender Value?

This contract term refers to the amount payable to a permanent life policy owner upon surrender of the policy. It is equal to the current cash value of the policy, less any charges due upon surrender.

#### What is an Irrevocable Life Insurance Trust (ILIT)?

An ILIT is a trust which holds a life insurance policy and in which the grantor has completely given up all rights in the property in the trust and retains no rights to revoke, terminate, or modify the trust in any way. This type of trust is often times utilized to remove the value of the life insurance from the insured's estate and provide tax free liquidity for an estate.

# Premature Client Death

## The Cost of a Premature Death

When a person dies prematurely, they leave behind many expenses with which their dependents must cope. Everyday living expenses, ongoing liabilities such as mortgage payments, and the funding of education for children are just a few examples of the expenses that may need to be covered. Life Insurance can help provide a safety net by which you can ensure that those you leave behind are able to meet their expenses and enjoy the standard of living that you would want.

The first step in determining what the right level of protection is for you and your family is to get an idea of the expenses that will need to be funded in the event of your premature death.



Total Expenses \$11,219,932

\$800,029

#### What will your expenses be?

Based upon the anticipated expenses listed below, you can expect to incur **\$11,219,932** of total expenses over the **49** years following **Frank**'s premature death in **2024**. The chart below shows the portion of the total cost associated with each type of expense.



#### Keep in Mind...

The cost of a premature death does not remain constant. As certain life events occur, it makes sense to review how these costs may change and whether you are properly protected. These life events may include purchasing a new home, the birth of a child, changing jobs, divorce or retirement.

# Your Current Resources

Your capital resources, insurance proceeds and continuing income sources can be used to offset the expenses that will occur after a premature death. But these resources may not be enough. Let's take a look at how your assets and income stack up against your projected expenses in the event that **Frank** dies prematurely in **2024**.

Joanna will have the following sources of income to help cover expenses until 2072: 2037-2072

- Joanna's Social Security \$19.092/vr ⊫
- Joanna's Hospital Pension \$12,000/yr Þ

Þ

Joanna's Part-Time Earnings **\$50,000**/yr

You currently have \$970,393 of available capital resources and \$1,300,000 in existing life insurance coverage. Together, these assets provide a total of **\$2,270,393** to offset your projected expenses.

For purposes of this analysis, we'll assume that capital resources and insurance proceeds will grow at 5.00% prior to Joanna's assumed retirement age and 5.00% after retirement. Withdrawals from capital resources will be taxed at a rate of 25.0%. Income will be indexed at 3.00% and will be subject to a 25.0% income tax.

2037-2072

2024-2037

### How will you cover your expenses?

The chart below illustrates how your income, capital resources and insurance benefits would stack up against your projected expenses. Each column represents the total expenses in a given year, and the colors in each column indicate the resources used to meet those expenses.



#### Expenses After Premature Death



### **Survivor Income Details**

				Total	Income	Net Income
		Income		Income	Taxes	Applied to
Year	Age	from Flows	SS Income	Sources	@25.0%	Needs
2024	52	\$50,000	\$0	\$50,000	\$12,500	\$37,500
2025	53	51,500	31,286	82,786	20,697	62,089
2026	54	53,045	32,225	85,270	21,318	63,952
2027	55	54,636	33,191	87,827	21,957	65,870
2028	56	56,275	0	56,275	14,069	42,206
2029	57	57,964	0	57,964	14,491	43,473
2030	58	59,703	0	59,703	14,926	44,777
2031	59	61,494	0	61,494	15,374	46,120
2032	60	63,339	0	63,339	15,835	47,504
2033	61	65,239	0	65,239	16,310	48,929
2034	62	67,196	0	67,196	16,799	50,397
2035	63	69,212	0	69,212	17,303	51,909
2036	64	71,288	0	71,288	17,822	53,466
2037	65	12,000	59,476	71,476	17,869	53,607
2038	66	12,360	61,260	73,620	18,405	55,215
2039	67	12,731	63,098	75,829	18,957	56,872
2040	68	13,113	64,991	78,104	19,526	58,578
2041	69	13,506	66,940	80,446	20,112	60,334
2042	70	13,911	68,949	82,860	20,715	62,145
2043	71	14,329	71,017	85,346	21,337	64,009
2044	72	14,758	73,148	87,906	21,977	65,929
2045	73	15,201	75,342	90,543	22,636	67,907
2046	74	15,657	77,602	93,259	23,315	69,944
2047	75	16,127	79,930	96,057	24,014	72,043
2048	76	16,611	82,328	98,939	24,735	74,204
2049	77	17,109	84,798	101,907	25,477	76,430
2050	78	17,622	87,342	104,964	26,241	78,723
2051	79	18,151	89,962	108,113	27,028	81,085
2052	80	18,696	92,661	111,357	27,839	83,518
2053	81	19,256	95,441	114,697	28,674	86,023
2054	82	19,834	98,304	118,138	29,535	88,603
2055	83	20,429	101,253	121,682	30,421	91,261
2056	84	21,042	104,291	125,333	31,333	94,000
2057	85	21,673	107,420	129,093	32,273	96,820
2058	86	22,324	110,642	132,966	33,242	99,724
2059	87	22,993	113,961	136,954	34,239	102,715
2060	88	23,683	117,380	141,063	35,266	105,797
2061	89	24,394	120,902	145,296	36,324	108,972
2062	90	25,125	124,529	149,654	37,414	112,240
2063	91	25,879	128,265	154,144	38,536	115,608
2064	92	26,655	132,113	158,768	39,692	119,076
2065	93	27,455	136,076	163,531	40,883	122,648
2066	94	28,279	140,158	168,437	42,109	126,328
2067	95	29,127	144,363	173,490	43,373	130,117
2068	96	30,001	148,694	178,695	44,674	134,021
2069	97	30,901	153,155	184,056	46,014	138,042
2070	98	31,828	157,749	189,577	47,394	142,183
2071	99	32,783	162,482	195,265	48,816	146,449
2072	100	33,766	167,356	201,122	50,281	150,841
				5,400,280	1,350,077	4,050,203

### **Capital Resources Details**

Capital Resources Today:	\$970,393
Existing Life Insurance Benefits:	\$1,300,000
Total Capital Resources:	\$2,270,393
Pre-Retirement Growth Rate:	5.00%
Post-Retirement Growth Rate:	5.00%

			Withdrawals		Taxation on	Net			
			from	Withdrawals	Savings	Withdrawals	Total		
		BOY Capital	Insurance	from	Withdrawals	Applied to	Capital after		EOY Capital
Year	Age	Resources	Proceeds	Savings	at 25.0%	Expenses	Withdrawals	Growth	Resources
2024	52	\$2,270,393	\$538,528	\$0	\$0	\$538,528	\$1,731,865	\$86,594	\$1,818,459
2025	53	1,818,459	139,791	0	0	139,791	1,678,668	83,933	1,762,601
2026	54	1,762,601	143,984	0	0	143,984	1,618,617	80,931	1,699,548
2027	55	1,699,548	93,668	0	0	93,668	1,605,880	80,294	1,686,174
2028	56	1,686,174	122,118	0	0	122,118	1,564,056	78,203	1,642,259
2029	57	1,642,259	67,817	0	0	67,817	1,574,442	78,722	1,653,164
2030	58	1,653,164	69,852	0	0	69,852	1,583,312	79,166	1,662,478
2031	59	1,662,478	71,948	0	0	71,948	1,590,530	79,527	1,670,057
2032	60	1,670,057	52,294	29,083	7,271	74,106	1,588,680	79,434	1,668,114
2033	61	1,668,114	0	101,772	25,443	76,329	1,566,342	78,317	1,644,659
2034	62	1,644,659	0	104,825	26,206	78,619	1,539,834	76,992	1,616,826
2035	63	1,616,826	0	107,969	26,992	80,977	1,508,857	75,443	1,584,300
2036	64	1,584,300	0	111,209	27,802	83,407	1,473,091	73,655	1,546,746
2037	65	1,546,746	0	116,496	29,124	87,372	1,430,250	71,513	1,501,763
2038	66	1,501,763	0	119,992	29,998	89,994	1,381,771	69,089	1,450,860
2039	67	1,450,860	0	123,591	30,898	92,693	1,327,269	66,363	1,393,632
2040	68	1,393,632	0	127,299	31,825	95,474	1,266,333	63,317	1,329,650
2041	69	1,329,650	0	131,119	32,780	98,339	1,198,531	59,927	1,258,458
2042	70	1,258,458	0	135,052	33,763	101,289	1,123,406	56,170	1,179,576
2043	71	1,179,576	0	139,104	34,776	104,328	1,040,472	52,024	1,092,496
2044	72	1,092,496	0	143,277	35,819	107,458	949,219	47,461	996,680
2045	73	996,680	0	147,575	36,894	110,681	849,105	42,455	891,560
2046	74	891,560	0	152,003	38,001	114,002	739,557	36,978	776,535
2047	75	776,535	0	156,561	39,140	117,421	619,974	30,999	650,973
2048	76	650,973	0	161,259	40,315	120,944	489,714	24,486	514,200
2049	77	514,200	0	166,097	41,524	124,573	348,103	17,405	365,508
2050	78	365,508	0	171,080	42,770	128,310	194,428	9,721	204,149
2051	79	204,149	0	176,212	44,053	132,159	27,937	1,397	29,334
2052	80	29,334	0	29,334	7,334	22,000	0	0	0
2053	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2054	82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2055	83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

			Withdrawals from	Withdrawals	Taxation on Savings	Net Withdrawals	Total		
		BOY Capital	Insurance	from	Withdrawals	Applied to	Capital after	>	EOY Capital
Year	Age	Resources	Proceeds	Savings	at 25.0%	Expenses	Withdrawals	Growth	Resources
2056	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2057	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2058	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2059	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2060	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2061	89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2062	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2063	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2064	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2065	93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2066	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2067	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2068	96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2069	97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2070	98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2071	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2072	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### **Survivor Needs Details**

				Living		Income Applied	Capital Withdrawal	Remaining
Voar	۸ao	Liabilitios	Education	Expenses	Total	Towards	to Meet	Need (Doficit)
2024	52	\$430.028	\$50,000	<u>\$06,000</u>	\$576.028	\$37 500	\$538 528	
2024	53	φ430,020 Ω	400,000 103,000	98,880	201 880	\$37,500 62 089	φ330,320 130 701	φ0 0
2020	54	0	106,000	101 846	207,936	63 952	143,984	0
2020	55	0	54,636	104,902	159,538	65,870	93,668	Ő
2028	56	0	56.275	108.049	164.324	42.206	122,118	0
2029	57	0	0	111.290	111.290	43.473	67.817	0
2030	58	0	0	114,629	114,629	44,777	69,852	0
2031	59	0	0	118,068	118,068	46,120	71,948	0
2032	60	0	0	121,610	121,610	47,504	74,106	0
2033	61	0	0	125,258	125,258	48,929	76,329	0
2034	62	0	0	129,016	129,016	50,397	78,619	0
2035	63	0	0	132,886	132,886	51,909	80,977	0
2036	64	0	0	136,873	136,873	53,466	83,407	0
2037	65	0	0	140,979	140,979	53,607	87,372	0
2038	66	0	0	145,209	145,209	55,215	89,994	0
2039	67	0	0	149,565	149,565	56,872	92,693	0
2040	68	0	0	154,052	154,052	58,578	95,474	0
2041	69	0	0	158,673	158,673	60,334	98,339	0
2042	70	0	0	163,434	163,434	62,145	101,289	0
2043	71	0	0	168,337	168,337	64,009	104,328	0
2044	72	0	0	173,387	173,387	65,929	107,458	0
2045	73	0	0	178,588	178,588	67,907	110,681	0
2046	74	0	0	183,946	183,946	69,944	114,002	0
2047	75	0	0	189,464	189,464	72,043	117,421	0
2048	76 77	0	0	195,148	195,148	74,204	120,944	0
2049	70		0	201,003	201,003	70,430	124,573	0
2050	70		0	207,033	207,033	21 095	120,310	0
2051	80	0	0	210,244	210,244	93 519	22,000	11/ 122
2052	81	0	0	219,041	219,041	86 023	22,000	1/14,123
2053	82		0	233 017	233 017	88 603	0	140,207
2055	83	0 0	0	240,008	240 008	91 261	0	148 747
2056	84	0	0	247 208	247 208	94 000	0	153 208
2057	85	Ő	0	254.624	254,624	96.820	0 0	157,804
2058	86	Ő	0 0	262.263	262.263	99.724	0	162.539
2059	87	0	0	270,131	270,131	102,715	0	167,416
2060	88	0	0	278,235	278,235	105,797	0	172,438
2061	89	0	0	286,582	286,582	108,972	0	177,610
2062	90	0	0	295,179	295,179	112,240	0	182,939
2063	91	0	0	304,035	304,035	115,608	0	188,427
2064	92	0	0	313,156	313,156	119,076	0	194,080
2065	93	0	0	322,550	322,550	122,648	0	199,902
2066	94	0	0	332,227	332,227	126,328	0	205,899
2067	95	0	0	342,194	342,194	130,117	0	212,077
2068	96	0	0	352,459	352,459	134,021	0	218,438
2069	97	0	0	363,033	363,033	138,042	0	224,991
2070	98	0	0	373,924	373,924	142,183	0	231,741
2071	99	0	0	385,142	385,142	146,449	0	238,693
2072	100	0	0	396,696	396,696	150,841	0	245,855
					11,219,932	4,050,203	3,288,181	3,881,548

This analysis must be reviewed in conjunction with the limitations and conditions disclosed in the Disclaimer page or the online Terms of Use. This analysis is based on information provided by the client. Recommended Asset Allocation Portfolios are supported by the client Risk Tolerance Questionnaire or are based upon a prior discussion between the advisor and Client if a Risk Tolerance Questionnaire has not been completed. Values shown are based on hypothetical assumptions. Actual results may differ from those illustrated. Return assumptions do not reflect the deduction of any commissions, fees, or product charges that may apply. Deduction of such charges would result in a lower rate of return. Consult your tax and/or legal advisor before implementing any tax or legal strategies.

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### **Education Summary**

#### **College for Lucas**

Education for: Where:	Lucas
When:	Lucas's education lasts from 2025-2028 (4 years)
Annual Cost:	\$50,000 per year today, assumed to grow to \$58,493 by 2028
Total Cost:	\$220,816
Existing Funding:	\$15,000
Ongoing Funding:	\$0 per month, until 2028
Total Funding:	\$15,750
Analysis:	Projected Deficit of \$205,066

#### **College for Mary Beth**

Education for: Where	Mary Beth
When:	Mary Beth's education lasts from 2023-2026 (4 years)
Annual Cost:	\$50,000 per year today, assumed to grow to \$54,080 by 2026
Total Cost:	\$156,080
Existing Funding:	\$10,000
Ongoing Funding:	\$0 per month, until 2026
Total Funding:	\$10,000
Analysis:	Projected Deficit of \$146,080

### **Analysis Result Summary**

This report summarizes the results of the analyses for Frank and Joanna Miller. It provides the information that is the basis for the "takeaway" message. All of the details concerning the process of how these results were arrived at are contained in the specific chapters for each selected analysis.

### **Family Information**

Client: Frank and Joanna Miller Address: *Not Available* 

Client: Frank Miller Date of Birth: 6/1/1971 Current Age: 53		se: Joanna Miller of Birth: 3/20/1972 nt Age: 52		
Children	Gender	Age	Date of Birth	
Lucas Miller Mary Beth Miller Peter Miller	Male Female Male	20 15 23	4/26/2004 12/18/2008 9/25/2001	-

### **Analysis Performed**

- Financial Statements Analysis
- Retirement Analysis
- Life Insurance Analysis for: *Premature Client Death*

### **Financial Statements**

Financial statements help you to see your current financial situation at a glance. The net worth statement determines your current net worth once liabilities are subtracted from your assets. Cash flow compares your current year income to your current year expenses. Emergency reserves helps to show your "readily available" resources in the event something unforeseen occurs that may require quick access to cash.

Net Worth	Cash Flow	Emergency Reserves
Total Assets <b>\$2,300,893</b>	Total Income <b>\$350,000</b>	Emergency Reserves <b>\$25,000</b>
Total Liabilities (\$430,028)	Total Expenses (\$337,580)	Total Emergency Need <b>\$45,498</b>
Total Net Worth <b>\$1,870,865</b>	Net Cash Flow <b>\$12,420</b>	Emergency Reserve Deficit <b>\$20,498</b>

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### **Result Summary**

Total Cost of Retirement **\$11,321,832** 

Total Retirement Income Sources

\$4,693,829

Total Capital Withdrawals \$4,339,703

Shortfall **\$2.288.300** 

Unfunded Years 9

Percent Funded by Income 41%

#### **Result Summary**



This retirement analysis looks at the projected cost of your retirement, and compares that to your expected income sources, and the capital resources you may be accumulating for retirement. Based upon your assumptions for retirement age and duration, the analysis determines whether or not you are projected to have enough resources to cover your assumed cost of retirement.

Based upon the assumptions utilized in this analysis, your current retirement goal is projected to have a shortfall. This projected shortfall is estimated to result in 9 unfunded years in retirement. Changes to your retirement goal assumptions may be necessary. There are several options which may - by themselves or in combination with each other - allow you to achieve your retirement goals, they include:

- Increase Monthly Savings by \$2,682 (to \$7,587 per month)
- Reduce Monthly Expenses by **\$1,026** (to **\$8,974** per month)
- Delay Retirement **4 years** (until **age 69**)

The life insurance analysis looks at the impact of an unexpected premature death to **Frank**. It compares the survivors' expected needs to the income and capital resources that may be available. If a shortfall exists, the required amount of life insurance needed to cover the shortfall is calculated.

Based upon the assumptions utilized in this analysis, **Frank** is projected to have a funding **shortfall** based upon the survivor needs expected with a premature death in **2024**. This projected shortfall is estimated to result in **21** unfunded years. The amount of new life insurance necessary to cover all assumed survivor needs is **\$677,000**.

### **Information Summary**

The following financial information and assumptions were used in the preparation of this analysis.

### **Family Information**

Client: Frank and Joanna Mille Address: <i>Not Available</i>	er		
Client: Frank Miller Date of Birth: 6/1/1971 Current Age: 53	Spouse: Joa Date of Birth Current Age:	nna Miller : 3/20/1972 52	
Children	Gender	Age	Date of Birth
Lucas Miller Mary Beth Miller Peter Miller	Male Female Male	20 15 23	4/26/2004 12/18/2008 9/25/2001

### **Financial Statements**

#### **Basic Assumptions**

Analysis for: Frank and Joanna Miller Current Year: 2024 Current Income Sources

Income Source	Annual Amount
Frank's Earnings	\$300,000
Joanna's Part-Time Earnings	\$50,000
Total Income	\$350,000
Current Expenses	
Expense	Annual Amount
Lides Evenes	¢4.40.000
Living Expenses	\$140,000
Liability Expenses not included in Living Expenses	
Credit Card (\$3,643)	\$648
Mortgage on Home (\$426,385)	\$43,632
Insurance Premiums <b>not included</b> in Living Expenses	
Frank's Disability Policy from Work	\$4,300
Frank's LTC	\$3,000
Group Policy on Frank	\$1,000 \$2,000
Whole Life Policy on Frank	\$3,000 \$6,000
	<i><b>4</b>0,000</i>
Tax Payments (25.0% of \$350,000)	\$87,500
Savings Toward Goals	\$48,500 \$0
College for Mary Beth	\$0 \$0
Total Expenses	\$337,580

Emergency Reserve Assumptions Months of Emergency Reserves: 3 months Amount of Living Expenses: \$18,958 per month Percent of Expenses to Fund: 80.0% Total Expenses to Fund: \$45,498 Cash Currently Available: \$25,000

### **Retirement Analysis**

Basic Assumptions			
Analysis for: Frank Miller			
Date of Birth: 6/1/1971	Ret	rement Begins at Age	e: 65 (2036)
Current Age: 53	Ret	irement Ends at Age:	100 (2072)
Financial Assumptions			
Assets Grow at: 5.00%	,	Withdrawals are Taxe	d at: 25.0%
Income is Indexed at: 3.00%		Income is Taxe	d at: 25.0%
Expenses Grow at: 3.00%	Retirement	Living Expenses: \$10	,000/month
Savings Increase by: 3.00%		(\$	120,000/yr)
Assets & Savings			
Qualified Assets			Current Value
Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - Traditional 401(k))			\$441,836
Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Traditional 401(k))			\$143,509
Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth IRA)			\$103,431
Total			\$688,776
Non-Qualified Assets			Current Value
Cash / Emergency Fund (Cash Alternative - Cash)			\$25,000
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments (Taxable Investment)			\$256,617
Total			\$281,617
Annual Pre-Retir	ement Savings		¢00.040
Qualified Employer Contributions			\$30,01Z
Qualified Employer Contributions			\$10,248
Total			\$10,000
Total:			900,000
Income Sources	Francis	11	Annual Amount
Frankla Social Socurity	From		
Frank's Social Security	030	2072	\$40,300 ¢10,002
Joanna's Jocial Security	037	2012	ຈາອ,092 ¢12,000
Joanna's Dort Time Fernings	036	2012	φ12,000 ¢50,000
		2007	φ50,000

### **Information Summary**

Baolo Acoumptiono			
Analysis for: Frank Miller			
Date of Birth: 6/1/1971		Premature Death (	Occurs in: 2024
Current Age: 53		Analysi	s Ends in: 2072
Financial Assumptions			
Assets Grow at: 5.00% before r	retirement	Withdrawals are Ta	ixed at: 25.0%
5.00% after ret	tirement	Income is Ta	ixed at: 25.0%
Income is Indexed at: 3.00%	Su	rvivor's Living Expenses:	\$8,000/month
Expenses Grow at: 3.00%			(\$96,000/yr)
Existing Life Insurance			
Policy Name	Туре	Insured	Death Benefit
Group Policy on Frank	Term Life	Frank Miller	\$800,000
Whole Life Policy on Frank	Whole Life	Frank Miller	\$500,000
Total			\$1,300,000
Assets			
	Asset		Current Value
Cash / Emergency Fund (Cash Alterna	ative - Cash)		\$25,000
			A050 017
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments	(Taxable Investment)		\$256,617
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k))		\$256,617 \$441,836
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement -	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k))		\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA)		\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA)		\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b>
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total Income Sources	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA)		\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b>
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total Income Sources	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA) From	Until	\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b> Annual Amount
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total Income Sources Frank's Social Security	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA) From 2036	Until 2072 2072	\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b> Annual Amount \$40,500
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total Income Sources Frank's Social Security Joanna's Social Security	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA) From 2036 2037	Until 2072 2072	\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b> Annual Amount \$40,500 \$19,092 \$24,602
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total Income Sources Frank's Social Security Joanna's Social Security Surviving Child Benefit per child	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA) From 2036 2037	Until 2072 2072	\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b> Annual Amount \$40,500 \$19,092 \$34,692 \$12,000
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total Income Sources Frank's Social Security Joanna's Social Security Surviving Child Benefit per child Joanna's Hospital Pension	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA) From 2036 2037 2037	Until 2072 2072 2072 2072	\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b> Annual Amount \$40,500 \$19,092 \$34,692 \$12,000 \$50,000
Frank and Joanna Joint Investments Frank's 401(k) (Qualified Retirement - T Joanna's 403B (Qualified Retirement - Joanna's Roth IRA (converted) (Roth Total Income Sources Frank's Social Security Joanna's Social Security Surviving Child Benefit per child Joanna's Hospital Pension Joanna's Part-Time Earnings	(Taxable Investment) Traditional 401(k)) Traditional 401(k)) IRA) From 2036 2037 2037 2024	Until 2072 2072 2072 2072 2037	\$256,617 \$441,836 \$143,509 \$103,431 <b>\$970,393</b> Annual Amount \$40,500 \$19,092 \$34,692 \$12,000 \$50,000